## Savitribai Phule Pune University

Faculty of Science \& Technology


## Curriculum

## For

## First Year

Bachelor of Engineering
(Choice Based Credit System)
(2019 Course)
(With Effect from Academic Year 2019-20)

| TABLE－1 First Engineering＿Structure for Semester－I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course Code | Course Name | TeachingScheme（Hours／Week） |  |  | Examination Scheme and Marks |  |  |  |  |  | Credits |  |  |  |
|  |  | 家 | 第 |  | $\xrightarrow[\underline{n}]{\underline{n}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yy } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $3$ | 会 | $\frac{1}{0}$ | \％ | E | A | E | $\stackrel{\text { T0 }}{\square}$ |
| 107001 | Engineering Mathematics－I | 03 | －－ | 01 | 30 | 70 | 25 | －－ | －－ | 125 | 03 | －－ | 01 | 04 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 107002 / \\ & 107009 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Engineering Physics／ Engineering Chemistry | 04 | 02 | －－ | 30 | 70 | －－ | 25 | －－ | 125 | 04 | 01 | －－ | 05 |
| 102003 | Systems in Mechanical Engineering | 03 | 02 | －－ | 30 | 70 | －－ | 25 | －－ | 125 | 03 | 01 | －－ | 04 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 103004 / \\ 104010 \end{gathered}$ | Basic Electrical <br> Engineering／Basic <br> Electronics Engineering | 03 | 02 | －－ | 30 | 70 | －－ | 25 | －－ | 125 | 03 | 01 | －－ | 04 |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 110005 / \\ 101011 \end{array}$ | Programming and Problem Solving／ Engineering Mechanics | 03 | 02 | －－ | 30 | 70 | －－ | 25 | －－ | 125 | 03 | 01 | －－ | 04 |
| 111006 | Workshop ${ }^{\text {＠}}$ | －－ | 02 | －－ | －－ | －－ | －－ | 25 | －－ | 25 | －－ | 01 | －－ | 01 |
|  | Total | 16 | 10 | 01 | 150 | 350 | 25 | 125 | －－ | 650 | 16 | 05 | 01 | 22 |
| 101007 | Audit Course $1^{\text {\＆}}$ | 02 |  |  |  |  | Envir | onmen | tal S | tudies－I |  |  |  |  |
| Induction Program ： 2 weeks at the beginning of semester－I and 1 week at the beginning of semester－II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TABLE－2 First Engineering＿Structure for Semester－II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Course <br> Code | Course Name | TeachingScheme（Hours／Week） |  |  | Examination Scheme and Marks |  |  |  |  |  | Credits |  |  |  |
|  |  | 掝 | 坒 | 皆 | $\mathscr{\Omega}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tr } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $3$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{a}$ | 气㐅응 | $\stackrel{\text { E］}}{\underline{\circ}}$ | $\underset{H}{E}$ | 年 | E |  |
| 107008 | Engineering <br> Mathematics－II | 04 | －－ | 01 | 30 | 70 | 25 | －－ | －－ | 125 | 04 | －－ | 01 | 05 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 107002 / \\ 107009 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Engineering Physics／ Engineering Chemistry | 04 | 02 | －－ | 30 | 70 | －－ | 25 | －－ | 125 | 04 | 01 | －－ | 05 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 103004 / \\ 104010 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Basic Electrical Engineering／Basic Electronics Engineering | 03 | 02 | －－ | 30 | 70 | －－ | 25 | －－ | 125 | 03 | 01 | －－ | 04 |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 110005 / \\ 101011 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Programming and Problem Solving／ Engineering Mechanics | 03 | 02 | －－ | 30 | 70 | －－ | 25 | －－ | 125 | 03 | 01 | －－ | 04 |
| 102012 | Engineering Graphics ${ }^{\Omega}$ | 01 | 02 | 01 | －－ | 50 | 25 |  | －－ | 75 | 01 | 01 |  | 02 |
| 110013 | Project Based Learning ${ }^{\S}$ | －－ | 04 | －－ | －－ | －－ | 25 | 50 | －－ | 75 | －－ | 02 | －－ | 02 |
|  | Total | 15 | 12 | 02 | 120 | 330 | 75 | 125 | －－ | 650 | 15 | 05 | 02 | 22 |
| 101014 | Audit Course $2^{\text {\＆}}$ | 02 | Environmental Studies－II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 107015 |  | －－ | Physical Education－Exercise and Field Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Instructions:

- $\mathrm{PR} /$ Tutorial must be conducted in three batches per division.
- Minimum number of required Experiments/Assignments in PR/ Tutorial shall be carried out as mentioned in the syllabi of respective subjects.
- Every Student should appear for Engineering Physics, Engineering Chemistry, Engineering Mechanics, Basic Electrical Engineering, Basic Electronics Engineering, Programming and Problem solving during the year.
- College is allowed to distribute Teaching workload of subjects Engineering Physics, Engineering Chemistry, Basic Electrical Engineering, Basic Electronics Engineering, Engineering Mechanics, Programming and Problem solving in semester I and II dividing number of FE divisions into two appropriate groups.
- Assessment of tutorial work has to be carried out as term-work examination. Term-work Examination and Practical Examination at first year of engineering course shall be internal continuous assessment only.
$\boldsymbol{\Omega} 1$ Credit for Engineering Graphics theory has to be awarded on the basis of End semester examination of 50 marks while 1 credit of tutorial and practical shall be awarded on internal continuous assessment only.
@ Credit for the course of workshop practical is to be awarded on the basis of continuous assessment / submission of job work.
$\S \quad$ Project based learning (PBL) requires continuous mentoring by faculty throughout the semester for successful completion of the tasks selected by the students per batch. While assigning the teaching workload a load of $2 \mathrm{Hrs} / \mathrm{week} / \mathrm{b}$ atch needs to be considered for the faculty involved. The Batch needs to be divided into sub-groups of 5 to 6 students. Assignments / activities / models/ projects etc. under project based learning is carried throughout semester and Credit for PBL has to be awarded on the basis of internal continuous assessment and evaluation at the end of semester.
\& Audit course for Environmental Studies and II (As per D.O.No.F.13-1/2000 (EA/ENV/COS-I) dated 14 May, 2019) is mandatory but non-credit course. Examination has to be conducted at the end of Sem I \& II respectively for award of grade at college level. Grade awarded for audit course shall not be calculated for grade point \&CGPA.
Audit course for Physical education is mandatory non-credit course. Examination has to be conducted at the end of Semester for award of grade at college level. Grade awarded for audit course shall not be calculated for grade point \&CGPA.


## Guidelines for Induction Program

Induction programme for first year students is introduced to familiarize them to the new environment and encourage them to look beyond classrooms. Objective is to help new students adjust and feel comfort-able in the new environment, inculcate in them the ethos and culture of the institution, help them build bonds with other students and faculty members, and expose them to a sense of larger purpose and self exploration. Induction Program should be preferably of 3 weeks ( 2 weeks at the beginning of semester-I and 1 week at the beginning of semester-II).
In order to implement the (SIP) in the College the following activities can be taken at College.

- Physical Activity-This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports.
- Creative Arts: - Every students would chose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts.
- Mentoring and Universal Human values:-Mentoring and connecting the students with faculty members and other students is the most important part of student induction. This can be effectively done by forming a group of 20-22 students with a faculty mentor each. This can be implemented through group discussion and real life activities rather than lecturing.
- Familiarization with College, Department, Branch :-The incoming student should be told about the credit, grading system and scheme of the examination. They should be explained how the study in College differs from the study in school. They should be taken on College tour and shown important points such as library, canteen, gymkhana etc. They should be shown their department.
- Literary Activity :-Literary Activity would compass reading book, writing a summery, debating, checking play etc.
- Proficiency modules :- The modules can be designed to overcome some critical lacunas that students might have like English Speaking, Computer familiarity etc.
- Lectures by Eminent People:- The lectures of Eminent people to be organized to expose the student to social activity public life.
- Visit to local Area:-A couple of visits to the landmark of the city or a hospital are orphanage could be organized.
- Extracurricular activities in College:-The new students should be introduced to the extracurricular activities at the College.
- Feedback and Report on the program:-Students should be asked to give their mid program Feedback and a each group of 20-22 students should be asked to prepare a single report on their experience of the program.
To Summarize the above activity the sequence of activities can be planned as given below :
- Address by Principal, HOD's and other functionaries and welcome the new students along with their parents.
- The branch wise allocation of students to be done and a group of 20-22 students is to farmed along with one faculty as mentor.
- A detail time table of various activities is to be prepared and displayed for all students. The timetable should give details of location and details of faculty in charge of the activity.
- The visit to local areas can be arranged on Saturdays.

The various activities to be carried out can be divided into three phases :-

1. Initial phase:- Which may induce Address by Principal, HOD's and other functionaries College and Dept Visit, interaction with parents Forming of students group and assigning of mentor mentee.
2. Regular Phase:- This phase may include the activities such as creative arts / universal

| 110005: Programming and Problem Solving |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teaching Scheme: TH: 03 Hrs/Week <br> PR : 02 Hrs/Week | Credits 04 | Examination Scheme: <br> In-Semester : 30 Marks <br> End-Semester : 70 Marks <br> PR : 25 Marks |

Prerequisite Courses, if any: students are expected to have a good understanding of basic computer principles.

Companion Course, if any: Programming and Problem Solving Laboratory (110005)

## Course Objectives:

Prime objective is to give students a basic introduction to programming and problem solving with computer language Python. And to introduce students not merely to the coding of computer programs, but to computational thinking, the methodology of computer programming, and the principles of good program design including modularity and encapsulation.

1. To understand problem solving, problem solving aspects, programming and to know about various program design tools.
2. To learn problem solving with computers
3. To learn basics, features and future of Python programming.
4. To acquaint with data types, input output statements, decision making, looping and functions in Python
5. To learn features of Object Oriented Programming using Python
6. To acquaint with the use and benefits of files handling in Python

Following Fields are applicable for courses with companion Laboratory course
Course Outcomes: On completion of the course, learner will be able to-
CO1: Inculcate and apply various skills in problem solving.
CO2: Choose most appropriate programming constructs and features to solve the problems in diversified domains.
CO3: Exhibit the programming skills for the problems those require the writing of welldocumented programs including use of the logical constructs of language, Python.
CO4: Demonstrate significant experience with the Python program development environment.

## Course Contents

Unit I Problem Solving, Programming and Python Programming (07 Hrs)
General Problem Solving Concepts- Problem solving in everyday life, types of problems, problem solving with computers, difficulties with problem solving, problem solving aspects, top down design. Problem Solving Strategies,
Program Design Tools: Algorithms, Flowcharts and Pseudo-codes, implementation of algorithms.
Basics of Python Programming: Features of Python, History and Future of Python, Writing and executing Python program, Literal constants, variables and identifiers, Data Types, Input operation, Comments, Reserved words, Indentation, Operators and expressions, Expressions in Python.
Unit II
Decision Control Statements
(08 Hrs)
Decision Control Statements: Decision control statements, Selection/conditional branching Statements: if, if-else, nested if, if-elif-else statements. Basic loop Structures/Iterative statements: while loop, for loop, selecting appropriate loop. Nested loops, The break, continue, pass, else statement used with loops. Other data types- Tuples, Lists and Dictionary.

Need for functions, Function: definition, call, variable scope and lifetime, the return statement. Defining functions, Lambda or anonymous function, documentation string, good programming practices. Introduction to modules, Introduction to packages in Python, Introduction to standard library modules.

## Unit IV

## Strings

(07 Hrs)
Strings and Operations- concatenation, appending, multiplication and slicing. Strings are immutable, strings formatting operator, built in string methods and functions. Slice operation, ord() and $\operatorname{chr}()$ functions, in and not in operators, comparing strings, Iterating strings, the string module.

## Unit V

Object Oriented Programming
(08 Hrs)
Programming Paradigms-monolithic, procedural, structured and object oriented, Features of
Object oriented programming-classes, objects, methods and message passing, inheritance, polymorphism, containership, reusability, delegation, data abstraction and encapsulation.
Classes and Objects: classes and objects, class method and self object, class variables and object variables, public and private members, class methods.
Unit VI
File Handling and Dictionaries
(07 Hrs)
Files: Introduction, File path, Types of files, Opening and Closing files, Reading and Writing files. Dictionary method. Dictionaries- creating, assessing, adding and updating values.
Case Study: Study design, features, and use of any recent, popular and efficient system developed using Python. (This topic is to be excluded for theory examination).

## Text Books:

1. Reema Thareja, "Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach", Oxford University Press, ISBN 13: 978-0-19-948017-6
2. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", Dreamtech Press; Second edition ISBN10: 938605230X, ISBN-13: 978-9386052308 ASIN: B07BFSR3LL

## Reference Books:

1. R. G. Dromey, "How to Solve it by Computer", Pearson Education India; ${ }^{\text {st }}$ edition, ISBN10: 8131705625, ISBN-13: 978-8131705629 Maureen Spankle, "Problem Solving and Programming Concepts", Pearson; 9th edition, ISBN-10: 9780132492645, ISBN-13: 9780132492645
2. Romano Fabrizio, "Learning Python", Packt Publishing Limited, ISBN: 9781783551712, 1783551712
3. Paul Barry, "Head First Python- A Brain Friendly Guide", SPD O’Reilly, 2nd Edition, ISBN:978-93-5213-482-3
4. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", McGraw Hill Education, ISBN-10: 9789387572942, ISBN-13: 978-9387572942, ASIN: 9387572943
5. Jeeva Jose, P. Sojan Lal, "Introduction to Computing \& Problem Solving with Python", Khanna Computer Book Store; First edition, ISBN-10: 9789382609810, ISBN-13: 9789382609810

## Programming and Problem Solving Laboratory <br> Guidelines for Instructor's Manual

The instructor's manual is to be developed as a hands-on resource and reference. The instructor's manual need to include prologue (about University/program/ institute/ department/foreword/ preface etc), copy of curriculum, conduction \& Assessment guidelines, topics under considerationconcept, objectives, outcomes, set of typical applications/assignments/ guidelines, and references.

## Guidelines for Student's Lab Journal

The laboratory assignments are to be submitted by student in the form of journal. Journal consists of prologue, Certificate, table of contents, and handwritten write-up of each assignment (Title, Objectives, Problem Statement, Outcomes, software \& Hardware requirements, Date of Completion, Assessment grade/marks and assessor's sign, Theory-Concept in brief, features of
tool/framework/language used, Design, test cases, conclusion. Program codes with sample output of all performed assignments are to be submitted as softcopy.
As a conscious effort and little contribution towards Green IT and environment awareness, attaching printed papers as part of write-ups and program listing to journal may be avoided. Use of DVD containing students programs maintained by lab In-charge is highly encouraged. For reference one or two journals may be maintained with program prints at Laboratory.

## Guidelines for Lab /TW Assessment

Continuous assessment of laboratory work is done based on overall performance and lab assignments performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment will assign grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficient codes, punctuality and neatness.

## Guidelines for Laboratory Conduction

List of laboratory assignments is provided below for reference. The instructor is expected to frame the assignments by understanding the prerequisites, technological aspects, utility and recent trends related to the topic. The assignment framing policy need to address the average students and inclusive of an element to attract and promote the intelligent students. The instructor may set multiple sets of assignments and distribute among batches of students. It is appreciated if the assignments are based on real world problems/applications. Encourage students for appropriate use of coding style, proper indentation and comments.
Use of open source software and recent version is to be encouraged.
In addition to these, instructor may assign one real life application in the form of a mini-project based on the concepts learned. Instructor may also set one assignment or mini-project that is suitable to respective branch beyond the scope of syllabus.

| Suggested List of Laboratory Experiments/Assignments <br> (Any 6 to 8 laboratory assignments) |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Sr. <br> No. | Problem Statement |
| 1. | Write Program in Python (with function/class/file, as applicable) <br> Calculate gross salary of an employee given his basic pay (take as input from user). <br> basic pay. Let employee pay professional tax as $2 \%$ of total salary. Calculate net salary <br> payable after deductions. |
| 2. | To accept an object mass in kilograms and velocity in meters per second and display its <br> momentum. Momentum is calculated as e=mc ${ }^{2}$ where m is the mass of the object and c is <br> its velocity. |
| 3. | To accept N numbers from user. Compute and display maximum in list, minimum in list, <br> sum and average of numbers. |
| 4. | To accept student's five courses marks and compute his/her result. Student is passing if <br> he/she scores marks equal to and above 40 in each course. If student scores aggregate <br> greater than 75\%, then the grade is distinction. If aggregate is 60>= and < 75 then the <br> grade if first division. If aggregate is 50>= and <60, then the grade is second division. If <br> aggregate is 40>= and <50, then the grade is third division. |
| 5. | To check whether input number is Armstrong number or not. An Armstrong number is an <br> integer with three digits such that the sum of the cubes of its digits is equal to the number <br> itself. Ex. 371. |
| 6. | To simulate simple calculator that performs basic tasks such as addition, subtraction, <br> multiplication and division with special operations like computing x and x!. |


| 7. | To accept the number and Compute a) square root of number, b) Square of number, c) Cube of number d) check for prime, d) factorial of number e) prime factors |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8. | To accept two numbers from user and compute smallest divisor and Greatest Common Divisor of these two numbers. |
| 9. | To accept a number from user and print digits of number in a reverse order. |
| 10. | To input binary number from user and convert it into decimal number. |
| 11. | To generate pseudo random numbers. |
| 12. | To accept list of N integers and partition list into two sub lists even and odd numbers. |
| 13. | To accept the number of terms a finds the sum of sine series. |
| 14. | To accept from user the number of Fibonacci numbers to be generated and print the Fibonacci series. |
| 15. | Write a python program that accepts a string from user and perform following string operations- i. Calculate length of string ii. String reversal iii. Equality check of two strings iii. Check palindrome ii. Check substring |
| 16. | To copy contents of one file to other. While copying a) all full stops are to be replaced with commas b) lower case are to be replaced with upper case c) upper case are to be replaced with lower case. |
| 17. | To count total characters in file, total words in file, total lines in file and frequency of given word in file. |
| 18. | Create class EMPLOYEE for storing details (Name, Designation, gender, Date of Joining and Salary). Define function members to compute a)total number of employees in an organization b) count of male and female employee c) Employee with salary more than 10,000 d) Employee with designation "Asst Manager" |
| 19. | Create class STORE to keep track of Products ( Product Code, Name and price). Display menu of all products to user. Generate bill as per order. |
|  | Mini-Projects |
| 20. | Calculator with basic functions. Add more functionality such as graphic user interface and complex calculations. |
| 21. | Program that simulates rolling dice. When the program runs, it will randomly choose a number between 1 and 6 (Or other integer you prefer). Print that number. Request user to roll again. Set the min and max number that dice can show. For the average die, that means a minimum of 1 and a maximum of 6 . |
| 22. | Use raspberry pi/or similar kit and python for- <br> - Room Temperature Monitoring System <br> - Motion Detection System <br> - Soil Moisture Sensor <br> - Home Automation System <br> - A robot <br> - Smart mirror or a smart clock. <br> - Smile Detection using Raspberry Pi Camera |
| 23. | Guess Number: Randomly generate a number unknown to the user. The user needs to guess what that number is. If the user's guess is wrong, the program should return some sort of indication as to how wrong (e.g. the number is too high or too low). If the user guesses correctly, a positive indication should appear. Write functions to check if the user input is an actual number, to see the difference between the inputted number and the randomly generated numbers, and to then compare the numbers. |

